About
• MHub is undertaking field surveys with migrants, refugees and asylum seekers along key migratory routes to build up a body of data over time and to map country and regional level mixed migration trends.
• This snapshot presents early survey findings of the profiles, intentions and experiences of those moving in mixed migration flows who have recently arrived in Senegal in the last year.
• Even though these findings cannot be considered statistically representative of the migration population, they do provide key insights on the migration process.

Key Findings
• These findings are based on 117 interviews conducted between 23 and 30 March in the Dakar region of Senegal.

Profile
• Three quarters of respondents that were interviewed in Dakar came from urban areas of their country of origin.
• 79% of respondents identified as Muslim, 19% as Catholic and 2% as Protestant.
• A majority (72%) of respondents were without a valid passport.

Motivations
• More than half of respondents (62%) said they left their home country to seek economic opportunities. Other reasons cited for leaving were driven by family/friends, education opportunities abroad, and safety/security and persecution concerns at home.
• When asked why they came to Senegal, the top three reasons cited were income opportunities (42%), relatives in Senegal (26%), and training and education opportunities (10%).

Abuses and Risks
• 5% of respondents indicated that they or someone else they saw experienced detention. Other abuses witnessed/experienced by respondents included documents destroyed (4.3%), robbery (4.3%), physical abuse or torture (2.6%), racism/discrimination (2.6%), death of a person (2.6%) forced labour (less than 1%).
• 92% of respondents said that if they knew what the journey was like and the risks they would face beforehand, they still would have travelled.